P6 English

Symmer

Booklet

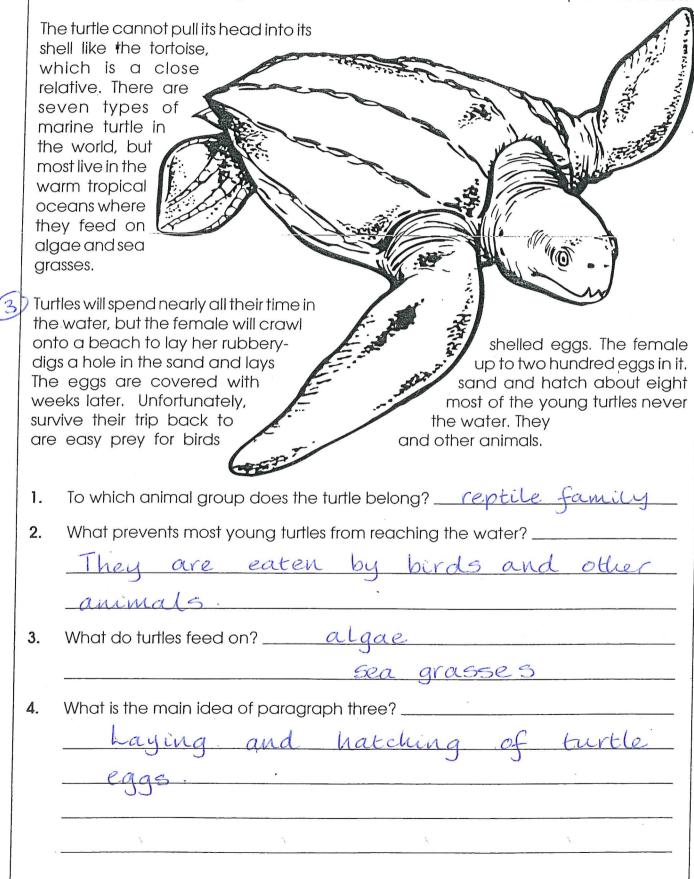




Marine Turtles

Prim-Ed Publishing

A turtle is a member of the reptile family. It is covered by scales or plates, it is cold-blooded and breathes air. The outstanding feature of the turtle is its hard shell. This shell can be up to a metre long and is made from rib bones covered with plates or scales.



Comprehension - Middle

Marine Turtles

5. What are two features of the turtle that make it a reptile?

cold-blooded

breathes air

6. Why does a turtle come onto a beach?

lay her eggs

7. Place these statements into their correct order.

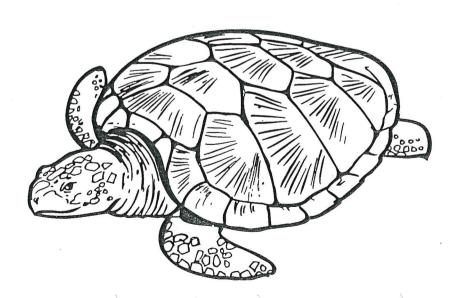
(a) The eggs hatch about eight weeks later.

(b) Most of the young turtles never survive the trip.

(c) The-female-crawls-onto-the-beach-to-lay-her-eggs.

(d) Turtles spend nearly all their lives in the water.

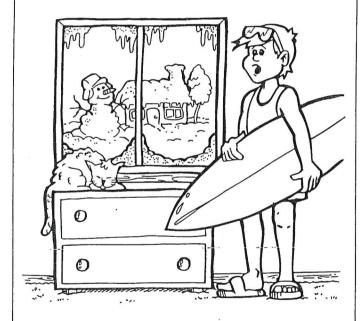
(e) The eggs are covered with sand.



Weather

One of the few things in today's world that treats people equally is the weather. The weather is one thing all people have in common and which they will talk about. This is because the weather is something that affects all people, no matter where they are or what they are doing. Our plans for the future, whether a coming holiday or simply walking to school tomorrow, will always be influenced greatly by the weather conditions.

The weather, simply explained, is 'the condition of the air in a particular place at a particular time'. The weather is capable of change from minute to minute, from hour to hour, from day to day and from month to month. Despite this sometimes



1.	What is the study of the weather
	called?

 meteorology
,

rapid change, it is generally accepted that the weather in a particular part of the world will have a similar pattern from year to year. This pattern is called the 'climate' of the area.

The study of weather is called meteorology. This is a very complicated study that relies on the accurate collection of information such as temperature, rainfall, wind speed and air pressure. When this information is recorded and added to even more accurate information such as satellite photographs, the meteorologist is able to forecast the weather to help people plan their lives.

2. Why is the weather so important?

helps people plan their lives:

3. What information do people use to study the weather?

rainfall

wind speed

air pressure

4. What is the main idea of paragraph one?

Introduces the topic of weather and how if affects everyone.

Weather



5. What is the cause of weather?

in a particular

place at a particular

time.

7. Describe the weather in your location today.

OPEN.

6. What is climate?

weather in a particular part of the world will have a similar pattern from year to year.

This pattern is called the climate.

8. What modern development helps us to forecast the weather?

Satellites.
Computers.

The Frilled Lizard

The frilled lizard is an Australian lizard made famous by its fierce appearance. It is a spectacular lizard to see because of its ability to raise the 'frills' that surround its neck. These famous frills are normally folded away.

When the frilled lizard is surprised or frightened, it raises the 'frills' in a display to scare off any dangerous predators. As the frills are raised, the lizard also opens its mouth very wide to add to the threatening and spectacular display.

The frilled lizard, which grows up to one metre long, is found in the northern parts of Australia and drier parts of New Guinea. It is classed as an 'arboreal' animal because it is capable of climbing trees from where it can spot its food, which is mainly grasshoppers and other small insects.

Why is the frilled lizard so named?

1.

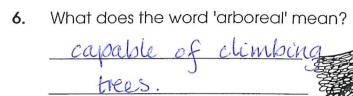


that	surround its neck.
Where is the fri	illed lizard found? <u>Australia</u> .
	New Guinea.
	•
"	
	lizard scare away any dangerous predators?
Raises	its frills and opens its very wide.
Raises	
Raises mouth /hat causes th	its frills and opens its very wide. ne frilled lizard to raise its 'frills'?
Raises Mouth /hat causes th	its frills and opens its very wide.

The	Fril	lec	Liza	ard
What is	the mai	in idea	of the last	paragraph?
To	tell	US	where	lizards

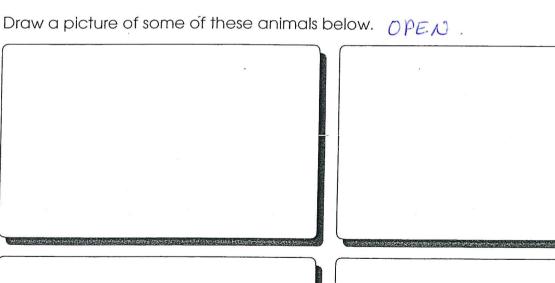
5.

get their food.

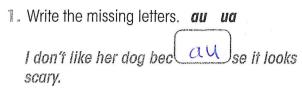




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REVISION DAYS 1-10



2. Circle and rewrite the misspelt word.

Circle troo or false after each statement.

true

- 3. Circle the word that is spelt correctly.

 night nite knite
- 4. Write the jumbled word correctly.
 The salt is on the shelf bvoae your head.

above

5. Write the plural form of tooth.

teeth

- 6. Circle two words with a silent **k**.

 kill know kind
- 7. Which letters make the oo (blue) sound?



- 8. Circle the word closest in meaning to *little*.

 medium tiny large
- 9. Circle the two rhyming words.

iry

high

flight

(knee)

- 10. How many syllables are in another?
 - T. Dungtugto 2 or I Whare are you going
- 11. Punctuate. ? or ! Where are you going
- 12. Add three capital letters.

 Tam going to visit my friend, lee, on friday.
- 13. Circle the noun.

 My blue blanket is very warm.
- 14. Circle the verb.

 We swim at the beach often.
- 15. Circle a present tense form of **talked**.

 talker talkes talks

- 16. there, their or they're? I don't know their adaughter.
- 17. **buy**, **by** or **bye**? What did you buy from the shop?
- 18. Circle the missing adjective. dangerous hairy

The ___ snake was in the grass.

19. Rewrite the two words that need capitals. We will fly from cork to london.



- 20. Which word is a number? for four
- 21. was or were?

We Were late today.

- 22. is or are? He is a good friend.
- 23. he or him? Is he coming too?
- 24. a or an? an elephant
- 25. Circle two words that can be built from **thin**. (thinner) thiner thins (thinnest)
- 26. Which words make **I've**?

27. Circle the letter left out to make *it's*.

28. Write these words in alphabetical order.

began because behave

beause, began, bellave

29. Circle the tense this sentence is written in. **past present future**

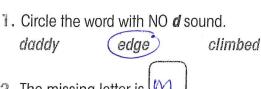
She stepped on broken glass.

30. Circle the word you can add to **some** and **every**.

thing times

I will

REVISION DAYS 11-20



- 2. The missing letter is W I love going swi___ing in su___er.
- 3. Count the vowels (a, e, i, o, u) and consonants.

everyone

- 4. Circle the word with NO **uh** (sun) sound. (mouse) honey Monday
- 5. Mark the syllable breaks in this word. calendar
- 6. Write the correct spelling for **come** + **ing**.

Comina

- 7. Which letters make the **aw** (paw) sound? caught drawer
- 8. Circle the opposite of before.

after) now begin

9. Number the words in alphabetical order.

10. How many syllables are in Saturday?



- 12. Add three capital letters.
- my birthday is this friday. I'm very excited! 13. Add the correct form of **drop** in the sentence.

Mum was upset when I her photo frame.

14. Add two letters to **done** to make it the opposite.

un My zip was

15. Which one is not a word? unlock unfair

ungo

- **16.** Add the words **they're** and **their** in the They're coming correct places. to show us
- 17. Circle the missing word. cats (cat's My ___ fur is silky and glossy.
- 18. The comb belongs to Adrian's comb is on the table.

Shining 19. shine + ina = \

- 20. $big + est = \frac{1}{2}$
- 21. What is the base word of heard and hearing?

hear

22. Change the verb and rewrite in the present tense. I played football.

tootha

- 23. Circle the word that needs a capital letter. november cousin yesterday
- 24. Shorten you are. You're
- 25. Which word can replace the underlined words? its (her) My cousin lives in Belfast; my cousin's name is Jill.
- 26. Which word can be added to make a new word? gone some

some

- 27. Circle the word that means two times. course (double)
- 28. Circle the proper noun. make she James
- 29. Circle the missing word. he (him.) When Dad came home, I gave __ a hug.
- 30. *was* or *were*?

outside.